	ctuiis below	before entering	your candidate	information	
Candidate surname		Oth	ner names	Britishstu	
Pearson Edexcel International GCSE	Centre	e Number	Cand	didate Number	3000 A
Thursday 21 May 2020					
Afternoon (Time: 1 hour 30 min	nutes)	Paper Refer	ence 4BS1	/01R	
Business Paper 1: Investigating Small Businesses					
i aper i investigating					

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.





- https://britishstudentroom.bd.30a.web.app.

FORMULAE FOR INTERNATIONAL GCSE BUSINESS

Gross profit margin:

Gross profit = revenue – cost of sales

Gross profit margin = $\frac{\text{gross profit}}{\text{revenue}} \times 100$

Operating profit margin:

Operating profit = gross profit - other operating expenses

Operating profit margin = $\frac{\text{operating profit}}{\text{revenue}} \times 100$

Mark up:

Mark up =
$$\frac{\text{profit per item}}{\text{cost per item}} \times 100$$

Return on capital employed (ROCE):

$$ROCE = \frac{operating profit}{capital employed} \times 100$$

Current ratio:

Current ratio =
$$\frac{\text{current assets}}{\text{current liabilities}}$$

Acid test ratio:

$$Acid\ test\ ratio = \frac{current\ assets-inventory}{current\ liabilities}$$



X

D Piece rate

Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Some questions must be answered with a cross in a box . If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box . and then mark your new answer with a cross .

1 Loaf, a bakery and cookery school, was set up by Tom Baker in Birmingham, UK. The aim is to promote real food and healthy living. It wants to use its skilled chefs to bring real food to the kitchens of the local community. It uses its cookery courses and bakery to help restore the local high street. Loaf also hosts pop-up events (one-off events) in different parts of the city where it shows off its products. Any profit made through these events is directed towards furthering Loaf's charitable work.

Loaf operates a scheme called 'Waste Not'. At the end of the day Loaf donates any leftover food to charities who distribute it to local people. In addition, Loaf provides a recycling hub for the local community.

Loaf is a social enterprise with nine members of staff; six of whom are directors.

(a)	(i)	Wh	ich (one of the following is a non-financial business objective?	(1)
		Sel	ect c	one answer.	(1)
		X	A	Profit	
		X	В	Sales	
		X	C	Market share	
		×	D	Personal satisfaction	
	(ii)			one of the following is a part of the Boston Matrix?	(1)
				one answer.	
		×	Α	Rising star	
		×	В	Risk assessment	
		×	C	Product packaging	
		X	D	Extension strategy	
	(iii			one of the following is an additional payment to a basic wage?	(1)
				Promotion Promotion	
		_			
		×	В	Bonus	
		\times	C	Job enrichment	



(1)

(1)



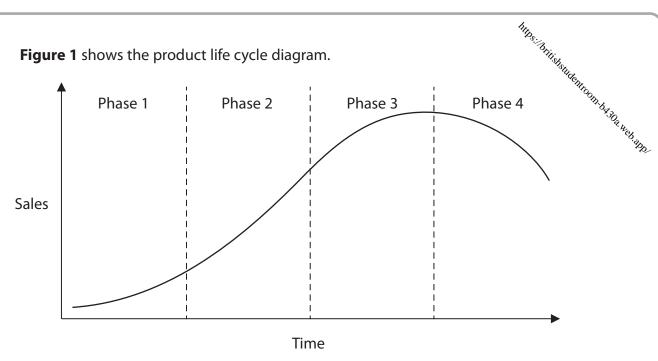


Figure 1

(iv) Which **one** is the correct label for Phase 2?

Select **one** answer.

A Growth

- X Decline

X

- X Introduction
- X **D** Maturity

Loaf charges £165 for its day-long 'Seafood Masterclass' course. The cost to Loaf of running this course is £66.

(v) What mark up has *Loaf* applied to this course?

Select **one** answer.

- X Α 99%
- \times 150%
- X 231%
- X **D** 250%

				ntbe.	
			ring some Japanese students the opportunity to take part in a Bao and Dumplings' course. The course will cost £65.	n _{ths://hitishshhkenhoons/} se in Yen? (1)	
	The ex	char	nge rate is £1 (Pound) = 148.86 JPY (Japanese Yen).	*OO _{JA} ,	5 _{830.}
	(vi) Wh	nich	one of the following amounts would a student pay for this cour	se in Yen?	d. Web. app
	Sel	ect (one answer.	(1)	
	\times	Α	65.00 JPY		
	×	В	148.86 JPY		
	\times	C	9 620.00 JPY		
	\times	D	9 675.90 JPY		
(b)) Define	the	term capital intensive production.	(1)	
(c)	Define	the	term quantitative data .	(1)	
(d)	State c	one i	reason why Tom Baker set up his business as a social enterprise.	(1)	



) (alculate the rever	nue for 2017 You are adv	ised to show your working	oroom,
, Calcalate the level	TAC TOT 2017. TOU DIE DUV	oaf can support more local as £23 546. In 2017 this incrised to show your working.	(2) YOU HE
		£	
Explain one metho	od a small business migh	t use to increase its profit.	
	_		(3)

g) Analyse the importance of environmental factors for	· Loaf.
	Loaf. Lo
(Total for Question 1 = 20 marks)



2 (a) State one primary research method that <i>Loaf</i> could use.	Nus Ariists tad (1) Marin Ario Ario Ario Ario Ario Ario Ario Ario
(b) State one drawback for <i>Loaf</i> of poor customer service.	(1)
(c) Explain one benefit to a business of using e-newsletters.	(3)

(d) Explain one responsibility of the human resources function in a busine	PSS. PSS.
	70 M
(e) Explain one way in which the just in time (JIT) method of stock contro benefit a business.	
	(3)



Hips://britishstudentoombasiga.web.app. Loaf would like to carry out some promotional activities to increase customer numbers for its bakery and cookery courses. It is considering the following two options: Option 1: offering free bite-sized pieces of its bread and cakes to people passing its shop **Option 2:** using posters to advertise *Loaf* in local charity shops. (f) Justify which **one** of these two options *Loaf* should choose. (9)



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Miss Redente

, hell do
(Total for Question 2 = 20 marks)

(b) Outline one ro	eason why high levels of customer		S. Britishstack 1)
	eason why high levels of customer		
	eason why high levels of customer	, satisfastion might be imposed	
		satisfaction might be impor	tant
			(2)
Figure 2 is an ext	ract from <i>Loaf'</i> s statement of comp	prehensive income in 2018.	
		£000s	
	Revenue	90	
	Gross profit	22	
	Other operating expenses	4	
	Figure 2	!	
(c) Calculate the your working.	operating profit margin for <i>Loaf</i> in	2018. You are advised to sho	W
,			(2)

(d) Analyse how useful the information in Figure 2 is to <i>Loaf</i> .	https://dritists.thek/f6)
	A SOG WED STORY



	https:/
Loaf is looking to increase its net cash flow.	"British _{sh}
It is considering the following two options:	*dentroon
Option 1: hosting pop-up events across the country	https://BritisHs.Hadentroom.bes.Rda.web.app.
Option 2: introducing different cookery courses.	³⁰ ·4 ₇₀ / ₂
(e) Justify which one of these two options <i>Loaf</i> should choose.	
	(9)



	h _{thos://do.}
	TO SHOP
	9-7

(Te	otal for Question 3 = 20 marks)

Loaf is considering opening a second bakery to meet the increased demand for its products and the success of its cookery school.

On making pasta. The course will be priced at he followed by the following pasta. The following pasta. The following pasta.

(a) Calculate the number of people needed to break-even for this course. You are advised to show your workings.

(2)

.... people

(b) Analyse the benefits for <i>Loaf</i> of employing casual staff.	https://dritists.tuck/6)



(c) Evaluate the factors that <i>Loaf</i> would have to consider when deciding where to locate its second bakery. You should use the information provided as well as your to own knowledge of business. (12)		
	(12) ¹¹⁶ 43000 (12)	
	32	

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3ig _{Redden}

(Total for Question 4 = 20 marks)





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