Write your name here Surname	Other names	
Edexcel International GCSE	Centre Number Candidate Number	
English as a Second Language Paper 2: Listening		
	Second Language	
	Afternoon Paper Reference	
Paper 2: Listening		

## Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Check that you have the correct question paper.
- You will have time at the beginning of each part to read the questions before you hear the recording.
- You will hear each recording twice.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
  - there may be more space than you need.
- Dictionaries may **not** be used in this examination.

### **Information**

- The total mark for this paper is 30. Each question is worth one mark.
- Question numbers are written in bold type or bold type in square brackets:
   e.g. [7].

## **Advice**

- Write your answers clearly and neatly.
- Read all the instructions carefully and keep to the word limits given. You do not need to write full sentences.
- Provided that your answers can be understood, marks will not be deducted if you spell words incorrectly. However, your answers should be grammatically correct.

Turn over ▶

PEARSON

P40318A

#### Part 1

In this part, you will hear the Principal of a school welcoming students back at the start of the new term.

Listen and complete the notes. Write no more than **three** words and/or a number for each answer.

One mark will be awarded for each completed gap.

# **SCHOOL ASSEMBLY NOTICES**

HOLIDAY EVENTS	
Country visited by Year 9: [1]	
The cricket and [2]	teams won their matches.
NEW BUILDING	
All science departments have been relocated.	
Biology is now in [3]	
NEW STAFF	
Miss Woods – music teacher	
Mr Jacobson – <b>[4]</b>	teacher
AFTER-SCHOOL CLUBS	
New activities this year:	
Monday – archery	
Wednesday – judo	
Thursday – <b>[5]</b>	
Parents should contact the [6]clubs.	if they can help with
EUROPEAN DAY	
Do not wear [7]	
Money raised will go to the [8]	



PARENTS' EVENINGS THIS TERM	
	for the state of t
Check the <b>[9]</b>	for further information.
BREAKFAST CLUB	
_atest time to get breakfast: [10]	
	(Total for Part 1 = 10 marks)



### Part 2

In this part, you will hear a student and his teacher discussing a food technology project.

Listen and answer the questions.

For questions 11 – 17, indicate which question you are answering by marking a cross in the box  $\boxtimes$ . If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box  $\boxtimes$  and then indicate your new answer with a cross  $\boxtimes$ .

#### DEACHES DROIECT

		PEACILS PROJECT
11	Peache	es arrived in England in the
	⊠ A	16th century.
	⊠ B	17th century.
		19th century.
12	The sec	cond largest peach-producing country is
	⊠ A	France.
	B	Italy.
	<b>⊠</b> C	the United States.
13	Accord	ing to Mrs Roberts, the section on harvesting
	⊠ A	ought to be longer than the other sections.
	⊠ B	does not need any additional work.
	<b>⊠</b> C	is not the most important part.
14	Peache	es contain high amounts of
	⊠ A	Vitamin A.
	⊠ B	Vitamin B.
	⊠ C	Vitamin C.
15	Mrs Ro	berts suggests that Joe should focus on
	⊠ A	cereal and salad recipes.
	⊠ B	meat and fish recipes.
	⊠ C	ice cream and jam recipes.
16	White p	peaches are preferred by
	⊠ A	Asian people.
	⊠ B	European people.
	<b>⊠</b> C	North American people.

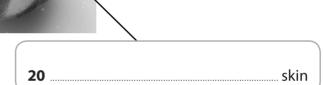
**17** Mrs Roberts suggests that the botanical description should be...

- ☑ A put in the planting section.
- **B** included earlier in the project.
- ☑ C left out of the project.

For questions 18 – 20, listen and label the diagram using the words you hear on the recording. Use no more than **one** word for each answer.

18





(Total for Part 2 = 10 marks)

## Part 3

# **URBAN FOXES**

In this part, you will hear a talk on an animal, the fox, which often lives in cities as well as the countryside.

Listen and complete the sentences. Write no more than **four** words for each answer.

One mark will be awarded for each completed sentence.

<b>21</b> Foxes are red in colour apart from the belly and the ears.	, the
22 They first appeared in UK cities in the	
23 Cities which havefoxes.	tend to have higher numbers of
<b>24</b> Foxes live in dens in banks or amongst countryside.	in the
25 Urban foxes seem to like living onoften nobody there.	because there is
<b>26</b> In winter,	form a large part of a fox's diet.
27 Images industbins.	often suggest that foxes knock over
<b>28</b> According to a recent UK survey,had no strong opinion on foxes in cities.	of respondents
<b>29</b> The speaker warns against the feeding of for because they might become tame.	oxes
<b>30</b> To discourage foxes, tidy up gardens,and put all rubbish in the bin.	in buildings
	(Total for Part 3 = 10 marks)

**TOTAL FOR PAPER = 30 MARKS** 



